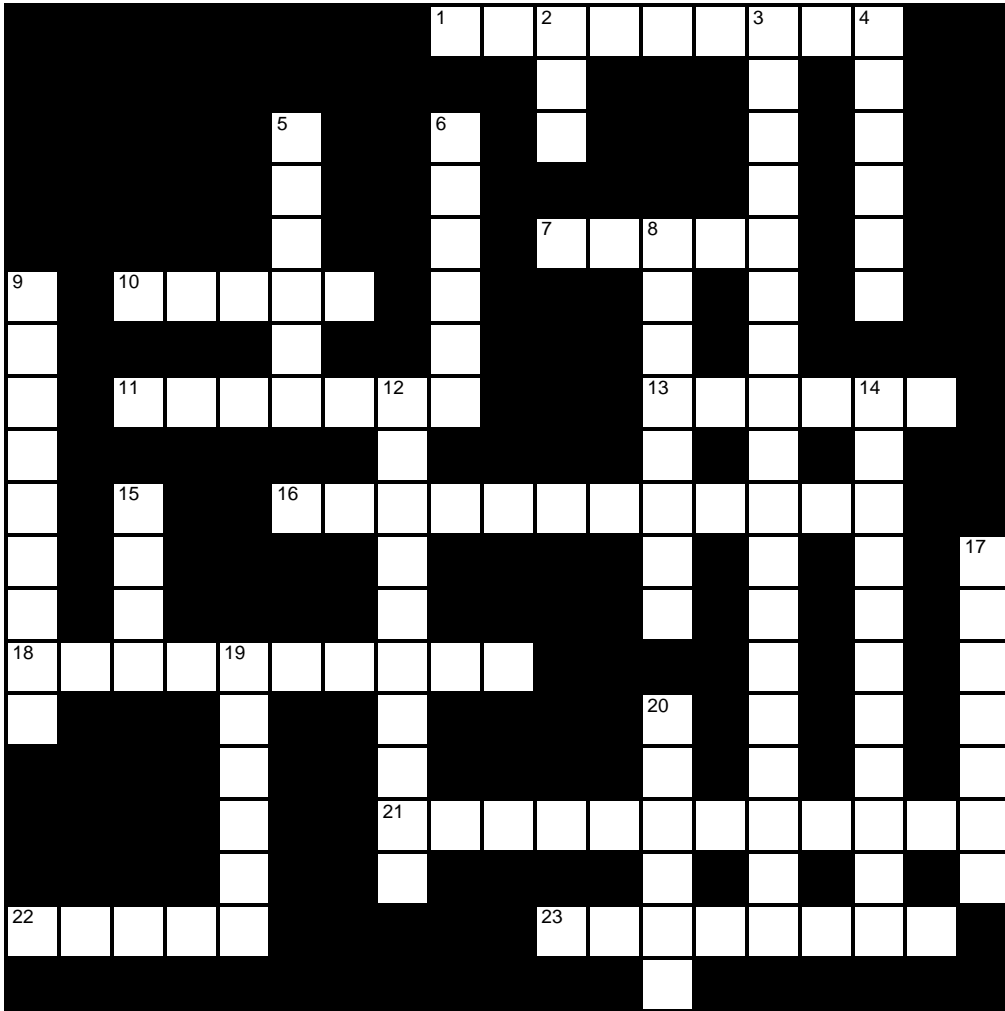


Our Catholic Faith - Chapter 6 – Small



Across

- 1.** Those newly received into the Church through the sacraments of initiation at the Easter vigil.
- 7.** Religious images or paintings that are traditional among many Eastern Christians.
- 10.** Represents cleansing.
- 11.** Initiates and incorporates us into

Christ's Body, the Church.

- 13.** The most important reading during the Mass.
- 16.** Sacred signs that resemble the sacraments.
- 18.** An unbaptized person who is preparing to receive all of the sacraments of Christian initiation.
- 21.** The Eucharist in Greek means "_____."

22. ___ robes represent rising with Christ.

23. Christ means "___ one."

Down

- 2.** Represents healing and protection.
- 3.** The term used to describe what happens at the consecration of the bread and wine at Mass when their entire substance is turned into the entire substance of the Body

and Blood of Christ, even though the appearances of bread and wine remain.

4. Lent comes from the Anglo-Saxon word "_____."

5. Liturgical season that prepares us for Christ's coming.

6. A perfumed oil, blessed by the bishop, used in the sacraments of Baptism, Confirmation, and Holy Orders.

8. Baptism forgives both ___ and personal sin.

9. Means "to make holy."

12. The principal liturgical actions in the Church.

14. ___ Churches: Catholic Churches following one of the six rites derived from the ancient traditions of Christian churches that were centered in Constantinople.

15. A season of intensified prayer, fasting, and almsgiving in preparation of Christ's resurrection and our redemption at Easter.

17. Word meaning "public work" or "people's work."

19. The baptismal ___, lit from the Easter candle, reminds us how Christ is the light of the world.

20. The ordinary minister of Confirmation.